Miscellaneous.

Double Eggs.

To the Editors of the Annals and Magazine of Natural History.

GENTLEMEN,-Capt. Mitchell's notice of "a double egg of a fowl," in the 'Annals' for last month, has brought to my recollection the following account of a double egg I heard at the small village of Bantham, near the Bolt-Tail, on the south coast of Devon, this Several farmers met in the common room of a small inn, summer. when one of them asked "if any on 'em there could tell the weight of a guse's egg?" Several statements were made, but eight or nine ounces appeared to meet with the most approval; but one man said, "Now I reckon you had one wi' a double yolk, so I do say eighteen ounces." "Thee beest nigh the mark, for 't were nineteen ounces; but 'twarn't a double yolk, at least not a double yolk like most double volks be; for when I broke the shell, there comed out, oh ! a lot o' stinking trade sure 'nough ; but when all that beastliness were out, why I'm blessed if there warn't a proper egg inside, quite gude. 'Twere the largest egg I ever see'd in my life, and he 'most killed the ould guse for to lay en; her never laid no eggs afterwards, her didn't."

I give the story in the farmer's own words, because, although I believe the account, I have it only on hearsay.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours obediently, C. Spence Bate.

Plymouth, Nov. 18, 1868.

Occurrence of Gigartina pistillata on the Welsh Coast.

Mrs. Gatty, in the month of September, 1865, picked up a specimen of *Gigartina pistillata* in fruit, in Blackpool Bay, not far from Linney Head, on the south-western coast of Pembrokeshire. It was seen by Dr. Harvey, at New Milford, on his way to Ireland; and he had a written account of its discovery made out for the Trinity College herbarium (Dublin).

Palu.

Some time ago a very small quantity of a fine silky substance was brought to England from California under the above name; and it was used as an object for the microscope, on account of its beautiful structure. Mr. Bingham, in his very interesting paper on the "Volcanic Phenomena of the Hawaiian Islands," says—"Palu is the silky covering of the opening fronds of several species of tree ferns, and is exported in large quantities to California, for beds &c." (p. 426). The trade is so extensive that "corduroy roads" are made to the station where it is collected, and whole districts are leased for the "Palu business," and there is a large number of "Palu-pickers." The Palu is collected at Kelauéa, which is the most tropical region in Hawaii; the tree ferns have stems 15 feet high to the base of the frond, and 8 or 12 inches in diameter.